

Welsh Pony!

Classification:

The Welsh Pony is a breed of pony that originated in Wales in the United Kingdom. The breed registries for the Welsh pony has four sections, primarily distinguished by height, but also by minor variations in type: the Welsh mountain pony (Section A), the Welsh pony (Section B) the Welsh pony of cob type (Section C), and the Welsh Cob (Section D).

General statement:

The Welsh Pony has been put to many uses. Historically, they were used for postal routes and in coal mines but today they are used as a common child's pony, an AMP\Horse of the Year pony or sometimes for pulling carts Etc.

Habitat:

The Welsh pony originally comes from the United Kingdom in Wales. They got sent to different countries over the world and are known for their beauty and intelligence, especially in New Zealand. Welsh mountain ponies are bred on the mountains of Wales.

History:

Evidence suggests that a native Welsh-type of pony existed before 1600 BC. The original Welsh Pony is thought to have evolved from the prehistoric Celtic pony. Welsh ponies were primarily developed in Wales and their ancestors existed in the British Isles prior to the arrival of the Roman Empire. Bands of ponies roamed in a semi-feral state.

Breeding:

The Welsh also crosses well with many other breeds and has influenced the pony of the Americas and the British Riding Pony. Many are also cross bred with Thoroughbreds, and other horse breeds. The Welsh Pony has contributed to the founding of several other horse and pony breeds. They are crossed with Arabians to produce riding horses, and with Thoroughbreds to produce jumpers, hunters and eventers.

Diet:

Welsh ponies eat feed such as grass, grain, hay, oats, salt, calcium, selenium, vitamin A, B, C and D, barley, straw, any supplements that they need and the occasional treat.

Predators:

A Welsh pony only fears someone who has bad vibes or who has done something to them.

By Codie

